

State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



O-NOTE

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT to amend 100.26 (1); and to create 100.545 of the statutes; relating to:

individuals. and providing a panalty

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 100.26 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

100.26 (1) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, except s.

100.18, 100.20, 100.206 от, 100.51, or 100.545, for which no specific penalty is

prescribed shall be fined not to exceed \$200, or imprisoned in the county jail not more

than 6 months or both.

SECTION 2. 100.545 of the statutes is created to read:

1	100.545 Security freezes for protected consumers. (1) Definitions. In
2	this section:
3	(a) "Consumer report" has the meaning given in 15 USC 1681a (d).
4	(b) "Consumer reporting agency" has the meaning given in s. 15 USC 1681a (f).
5	(c) "Protected consumer" means an individual who is one of the following:
6	1. Under the age of 16 years at the time a request for the placement of a security
7	freeze is made under sub. (3) (a).
8	2. An individual for whom a guardian or conservator has been appointed.
9	(d) "Record" means a compilation of information about a protected consumer
10	that satisfies all of the following:
11	1. The compilation identifies the protected consumer.
12	2. The compilation is created by a consumer reporting agency solely for the
13	purpose of complying with this section.
14	3. The compilation is not created or used to consider the protected consumer's
15	creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation,
16	personal characteristics, or mode of living.
17	(e) "Representative" means a person who provides to a consumer reporting
18	agency sufficient proof of authority to act on behalf of a protected consumer.
19	(f) "Security freeze for a protected consumer" means one of the following:
20	1. If a consumer reporting agency does not have a file pertaining to a protected
21	consumer, a restriction placed on the protected consumer's record that prohibits,
22	except as provided in this section, the consumer reporting agency from releasing the
23	protected consumer's record.
24	2. If a consumer reporting agency has a file pertaining to the protected

consumer, a restriction placed on the protected consumer's credit report that

- prohibits, except as provided in this section, the consumer reporting agency from releasing the protected consumer's credit report or any information derived from the protected consumer's credit report.
- (g) "Sufficient proof of authority' means documentation that shows a representative has authority to act on behalf of a protected consumer, including any of the following:
 - 1. An order issued by a court.
 - 2. A lawfully executed and valid power of attorney.
- 3. A written, notarized statement signed by a representative that expressly describes the authority of the representative to act on behalf of a protected consumer.
- (h) "Sufficient proof of identification" means information or documentation that identifies a protected consumer or a representative of a protected consumer, including any of the following:
- 1. A social security number or a copy of a social security card issued by the social security administration.
- 2. A certified or official copy of a birth certificate issued by the entity authorized to issue the birth certificate.
- 3. A copy of an operator's license issued under ch. 343 or under a comparable law of another state, an identification card issued under s. 343.50 or under a comparable law of another state, or any other government issued identification.
- (2) EXCEPTIONS. This section does not apply to the use of a protected consumer's credit report or record by any of the following:
- (a) A person administering a credit file monitoring subscription service to which the protected consumer has subscribed or the representative of the protected consumer has subscribed on behalf of the protected consumer.

- (b) A person providing the protected consumer or the protected consumer's representative with a copy of the protected consumer's credit report on request of the protected consumer or the protected consumer's representative.

 (c) A person exempted under s. 100.54 (8) from the requirements of s. 100.54.

 (d) An insurance company for the purpose of conducting its ordinary business.

 (e) A consumer reporting agency's database or file that consists of information concerning, and used for, one or more of the following, but not for credit granting purposes:

 1. Criminal record information.

 2. Fraud prevention or detection.

 3. Personal loss history information.

 4. Employment, tenant, or the first of background screening.

 (3) PLACEMENT OF SECURITY FREEZE. (a) A consumer reporting agency shall place a security freeze for a protected consumer if the consumer reporting agency receives
 - (3) PLACEMENT OF SECURITY FREEZE. (a) A consumer reporting agency shall place a security freeze for a protected consumer if the consumer reporting agency receives a request from the protected consumer's representative for the placement of the security freeze and the protected consumer's representative does all of the following:
 - 1. Submits the request to the consumer reporting agency at the address or other point of contact and in the manner specified by the consumer reporting agency.
 - 2. Provides to the consumer reporting agency sufficient proof of identification of the protected consumer and the representative.
 - 3. Provides to the consumer reporting agency sufficient proof of authority to act on behalf of the protected consumer.
 - 4. Pays to the consumer reporting agency a fee as provided in sub. (5).

1	(b) If a consumer reporting agency does not have a file pertaining to a protected
2	consumer when the consumer reporting agency receives a request under par. (a), the
3	consumer reporting agency shall create a record for the protected consumer.
4	(c) Within 30 days after receiving a request that meets the requirements of par.
5	(a), a consumer reporting agency shall place a security freeze for the protected
6	consumer.
7	(d) Unless a security freeze for a protected consumer is removed in accordance
8	with sub. (4) or (6), a consumer reporting agency may not release the protected
9	consumer's credit report, any information derived from the protected consumer's
10	credit report, or any record created for the protected consumer.
11	(e) A security freeze for a protected consumer placed under par. (c) remains in
12	effect until one of the following occurs:
13	1. The protected consumer or the protected consumer's representative requests
14	the consumer reporting agency to remove the security freeze in accordance with sub.
15	(4).
16	2. The security freeze is removed in accordance with sub. (6).
17	(4) REMOVAL OF SECURITY FREEZE. (a) If a protected consumer or a protected
18	consumer's representative wishes to remove a security freeze for the protected
19	consumer, the protected consumer or the protected consumer's representative shall
20	do all of the following:
21	1. Submit a request for the removal of the security freeze to the consumer
22	reporting agency at the address or other point of contact and in the manner specified
23	by the consumer reporting agency.
24	2. Provide to the consumer reporting agency sufficient proof of identification

of the protected consumer and one of the following:

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- a. For a request by the protected consumer, proof that the sufficient proof of 1 authority for the protected consumer's representative to act on behalf of the 2 protected consumer is no longer valid. 3 4 b. For a request by the representative of the protected consumer, sufficient proof of identification of the representative and sufficient proof of authority to act on 5 behalf of the protected consumer. 6 3. Pay to the consumer reporting agency a fee as provided in sub. (5). 7 8 (b) Within 30 days after receiving a request that meets the requirements of par. 9 (a), the consumer reporting agency shall remove the security freeze for the protected 10 consumer. (5) FEES. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a consumer reporting agency may 11 not charge a fee for any service performed under this section. 12 13 (b) A consumer reporting agency may charge a reasonable fee, not exceeding \$10, for each placement or removal of a security freeze for a protected consumer. 14 15 (c) Notwithstanding par. (b), a consumer reporting agency may not charge any fee under this section if any of the following applies: 16 1. The protected consumer's representative has obtained a police report or 17
 - 1. The protected consumer's representative has obtained a police report or affidavit of alleged identity fraud against the protected consumer and provides a copy of the report to the consumer reporting agency.
 - 2. A request for the placement or removal of a security freeze is for a protected consumer who is under the age of 16 years at the time of the request and the consumer reporting agency has a dorsonless report pertaining to the protected consumer.
 - (6) MATERIAL MISREPRESENTATIONS. A consumer reporting agency may remove a security freeze for a protected consumer or delete a record of a protected consumer

SECTION 2 if the security freeze was placed or the record was created based on a material 1 misrepresentation of fact by the protected consumer or the protected consumer's 2 representative. 3 4 enferced solely by the department of justice. 5 SECTION 3. Effective date. 6 (1) This act takes effect on January 14, 2014, or on the day after publication, 7 8 whichever is later. 9 (END)

2013 - 2014 Legislature

2013–2014 Drafting Insert FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INSERT A:

Current law generally allows an individual to prohibit a consumer reporting agency (CRA) from releasing the individual's consumer report (credit report) for any purpose related to the extension of credit without the individual's prior authorization. If an individual makes a proper request to a CRA, provides proper identification, and pays any applicable fee, the CRA must include a "security freeze" on the individual's credit report. A CRA may not release an individual's credit report for an extension of credit if the report includes a security freeze. There are various exceptions to these requirements, including CRAs to which the requirements do not apply and exceptions allowing a CRA to release an individual's credit report that includes a security freeze for specified purposes or under specified circumstances. Current law also includes procedures for an individual to authorize release of a credit report that includes a security freeze. In addition, a CRA must remove a security freeze upon an individual's request, but may charge a fee to do so.

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This bill provides for additional security freezes by allowing representatives to obtain security freezes on behalf of protected consumers. The bill defines a "protected consumer" (s) either: 1) an individual who is under 16 years old; or 2) an individual for whom a guardian or conservator has been appointed. The bill defines a "representative" as a person who provides "sufficient proof of authority" to act on behalf of a protected consumer, which is defined to include: 1) a court order; 2) a power of attorney; or 3) a notarized statement describing the authority to act on behalf of a protected consumer. Under the bill, a representative may request a security freeze for a protected consumer by providing a CRA with the sufficient proof of authority described above, as well as "sufficient proof of identification" of both the representative and protected consumer. The bill defines "sufficient proof of identification" to include: 1) a social security number (SSN) or copy of a SSN card; 2) a certified or official copy of a birth certificate; 3) a copy of a motor vehicle

operator's license or identification card.

If a CRA receives a representative's request for a security freeze on behalf of a protected consumer, and the CRA already has a file on the protected consumer, the CRA must place a security freeze that prohibits the CRA from releasing the protected consumer's credit report. If the CRA does not have a file on the protected consumer, the CRA must place a security freeze by creating a record identifying the protected consumer. The bill prohibits using the record for credit considerations. The bill requires a CRA to verify that it has no file by checking names and SSNs in its existing files. The bill requires a CRA to place a security freeze within 30 days after receiving a request that complies with the bill, regardless of whether the CRA already has a file on the protected consumer. Upon placement of a security freeze, the CRA may not release the protected consumer's credit report, any information derived from the credit report, or any record created under the bill, unless the security freeze is removed as discussed below.

The bill also does the following:

1. Creates procedures for representatives and protected consumers to have CRAs remove security freezes and allows CRAs to remove security freezes based on material misrepresentation of fact by representatives or protected consumers.

2. Allows CRAs to charge a reasonable fee not exceeding \$10 for placing or removing security freezes, but prohibits fees in cases involving identity theft or

protected consumers under 16 years old who already have files at CRAs.

2. Creates exceptions from the bill's requirements, including the exceptions that apply to security freeze restrictions under current law, as well as exceptions for information used for criminal records, fraud prevention or detection, personal loss history information, or certain background screening purposes.

3. Allows the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection and

the Department of Justice to bring actions to enforce the bill's requirements.

4. Subjects a person who violates the bill to a civil forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 per violation.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as

an appendix to this bill.

INSERT 5-3:

Upon receiving the request, the consumer reporting agency shall verify that no file pertains to the protected consumer by checking for existing files relating to the protected consumer's name and social security number and for existing files relating only to the protected consumer's social security number. A record created under this paragraph may not be used to consider the protected consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living.

INSERT 7-4:

10 pm (a) A person who violates this section may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000

11 for each violation.

(b) The department or the department of justice, after consulting with the

(b) The department or the department of justice, after consulting with the department, may bring an action for temporary or permanent injunctive or other relief for any violation of this section or an action for the penalties authorized in par.

15 (a).

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU





Rep. Stone:

Please note the following about this version:

1. This version is identical to the previous version except for the following:

a. The restriction on use of a record has been moved from definitions to proposed s. 100.545 (3) (b). In addition, proposed s. 100.545 (3) (b) includes a requirement for a consumer reporting agency to check social security numbers and names in its existing files, which is similar to a requirement in LRB-1532/4.

b. Proposed s. 100.545 (2) (e) 4. refers to "other" background screening, which is similar to the Oregon legislation you provided.

c. Proposed s. 100.545 (5) (c) 1. is revised to allow a representative to submit a copy of a police report or affidavit to a consumer reporting agency. The previous version referred only to submitting a copy of a police report.

d. Proposed s. 100.545 (5) (c) 2. refers to a file, instead of a consumer report.

e. Proposed s. 100.545 (7) is revised to allow both DATCP and DOJ to bring enforcement actions and to create a civil forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 per violation.

2. In the drafter's note to the previous version, Lasked for clarification on the meaning of "personal loss history information," which is used in proposed s. 100.545 (2) (e) 3. However, legislation in other states uses the term without providing a definition. Therefore, I assume it must have a commonly understood meaning in the regulated community and that no definition is necessary. According to an on-line glossary of insurance terms that I found (maintained by the Texas Department of Insurance), "loss history" refers to the number of insurance claims previously filed by a policyholder. I assume "personal loss history information" refers to the same thing. If that is not your intent, please let me know so I can revise the bill.

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–0131

E-mail: mark.kunkel@legis.wisconsin.gov

LPS:

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1533/1dn MDK:kjf:jm

May 17, 2013

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Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–0131

E-mail: mark.kunkel@legis.wisconsin.gov

Barman, Mike

From:

Kunkel, Mark

Sent:

Monday, June 03, 2013 2:24 PM Barman, Mike

To:

Subject:

Jacketing LRB-1533

Per Justin in Rep. Stone's office, can you jacket the above bill for Rep. Thiesfeldt?

Thanks,

--Mark

formbly